

Monongalia Mirror.

Published weekly, on the 17th of January, 1852.

MORGANTOWN, Va.
Saturday, January 17, 1852.

BASTARD AGENCY.

W. C. CARR, Third street, opposite the Exchange, Philadelphia, is also our Agent for that City.

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OTHER AGENTS.

D. M. AUSTIN, Nashville, Barbours co., Va.
J. M. BOWEN, P. M. Kingwood, Preston county, Va.

Improvements.

The improvements that we have prepared to make in the appearance of this paper on the commencement of the New Year—such as new ornaments and a font of clear new type—are delayed for a time by the second closing of the River by ice, on Monday night last. [The thermometer was down again to 4 deg. below zero.]—We have sent for the type, &c. by land conveyance, and hope to be able to exhibit it, in all its brilliancy, next week.

NOT OUR FAULT.

Our esteemed Washington Correspondent seems to be disposed to scold a little because his letters do not appear more promptly. We are glad to get his letters, and those of all other intelligent Correspondents, but it is a settled rule with us, never to put any thing in type until it comes into our possession; and it has so happened, in two late instances, that the favors of ELIZABETH came to hand by Friday evening's mail, about an hour after we had finished striking off the papers for Saturday morning. We should prefer waiting until the Mail arrives, and then putting in all fresh news, and striking off at a later hour; but our worthy P. M. is a man of remarkably regular habits, and we get no papers into his Office after 8 or 9, P. M. ELIZABETH will please write a day earlier in the week, or urge Uncle Sam to move his Mails in this direction at a quicker gait. What wouldn't we give for a Telegraph line!

LOCAL ITEMS.

Our worthy contemporaries of the *Pittsburg Daily Dispatch* are ever and anon stirring up their brethren of the Country Press, because they do not furnish more local items. We should like to gratify the editors of the Dispatch—for we could scarcely do without their excellent paper—but it is easier to wish than to accomplish. We might, it is true, manufacture items out of the whole cloth, for foreign consumption, but it would be at the expense of our veracity at home. One of our editorial brethren up the river, not long since, made an item by drowning a preacher, and another by resuscitating him the week following. The same report reached us, but we preferred waiting for a confirmation or contradiction, and so missed our items.

But where shall we get items? We have no Mayor's Office, with its concomitants of black and blue faces, red eyes, and battered carcasses—no Theatre, "the favorite haunt of sin," and prolific mother of rows, no doggeries, at least none where they kill loafers outright, and roll their remains into the gutter—no burglars, and scarcely a hen-roost molester—no elopements, and so few cases of crim. con., or trespass, and these few so well contrived as to escape detection! There have been, within the last ten days, some runaway matches, of horses—some upsetting of sleighs—and we did hear a flying report that, in one of these excursions, a young gentleman's arm was put out of place, and found in close proximity with the waist of his charmer; but the report of the surgeon in the case has not reached us, and we have no further particulars.

Morgantown Literary Society.

We are requested to invite the attention of our citizens to the meetings of the Literary Society, which are held in the Male Academy every Tuesday evening, and where, no doubt, there is many an interesting debate, with lots of sparkling worthy of a hearing. The meetings are public, and the presence of a large audience would be both gratifying and stimulating. We intend to perpetrate a visit if we can ever find time.

Intemperance.

We learn with regret that the Stockyard of Solomon RYAN, Esq. of Taylor county, Va. was set on fire on the night of the 9th of December, and almost completely consumed. The entire bread-stuff, &c. &c. were so early part of winter. A person who was leaving the premises about the time the fire was discovered has been arrested and is now awaiting his trial. His name is withheld for the present.

The first public commencement of the Female Medical College in Philadelphia, took place recently, and eight of the M. D.'s graduated.

The following sketch of the rise and progress of the WAYNESBURG COLLEGE, from the pen of Prof. LAUGHAN, President of the Institution, is copied into our columns for the double purpose of gratifying our Pennsylvania readers, and of stirring up those at home to a becoming emulation. According to Sam Patch's maxim, "what things can be done as well as others," and a College may be made to prosper just as well in Monongalia as in Greene. We have a noble nucleus for a College, in the Male Academy, with its clever capital and its well qualified teachers. Read and ponder over the following:—

Waynesburg College.

How is WAYNESBURG COLLEGE progressing? In answer we will give a summary of its present condition.

The Citizens of Waynesburg promised a building. This is now finished and occupied. We need only say that for all college purposes it gives entire satisfaction.

Pennsylvania Presbytery of the C. P. Church undertook to raise an Endowment Fund by the sale of Scholarships. The Agents have been successful. The result of their labors gives pleasing evidence that the effort to sustain the Institution is not an ephemeral one—carelessly made and to be at any moment carelessly abandoned.

In addition to an excellent building, the College possesses a large and beautiful Chemical and Philosophical apparatus and two flourishing Literary Societies. More than 100 Students, exclusive of Primary pupils, meet daily within its walls. Of these, 50 are from a distance. Five teachers are engaged by the Trustees, and the Course of Studies is now carried out through all the classes of a regular organization. We might add that each of the Societies is in possession by Donation and otherwise, of a very respectable Library.

Lectures on Physiology and Hygiene are given by Dr. Shaw and illustrated by prepared and natural specimens.

Professor Fish has proved himself an eminent Mathematician. He is well qualified, also, as a Linguist. He has brought to the laborious duties of his department an energy and industry that insure good progress to the students under his care.

Messrs. Patterson and Miller are favorably known as Teachers. The classes under their care are improving rapidly.

Miss Bell amply sustains her high reputation. She gives great and deserved satisfaction as Principal of the Female Seminary.

Mrs. Calhoun, a talented and accomplished Lady, gives lessons in Music to the young ladies with the use of the Piano.

Public Lectures on Astronomy, Geology, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, &c., illustrated as far as practicable by experiments, will accompany the regular recitations on these Branches.

On the part of the College, we take pleasure in saying, and we affirm it as a truth, that no Institution in the Western country can present a larger amount of severe and successful study in proportion to the number of students.

We have a larger number of students, more in advanced studies, and more from a distance this season, than in any preceding one since the commencement of the Institution.

With these encouraging prospects and under the solemn pledge that it will redeem every promise it has made, Waynesburg College feels that it has a right to ask the aid and countenance of its friends. Now is the time for strong determination, and faithful, persevering effort. Its existence depends on action. Its friends must take hold with a will—and speak, and write, and work for it, if they would see it take an honorable stand among the colleges of our country.

The rooms of the College Boarding house and the method of heating them have not been as satisfactory as was desired. We are authorized by the proprietor to inform the Public that he will enlarge his rooms and use stoves instead of the present method of heating by a furnace. He states further, that he will spare neither pains nor expenses to make his house in every respect acceptable to students.

J. LOUGHRAN.

Jan. 7th, 1852.

Next week, (says the *New York Organ*) we will commence publishing an Original and deeply interesting story, by an eminent Clergyman, illustrative of the mischiefs and wickedness of SLANDER. This will be found one of the most powerful and touching of all the brilliant stories which have appeared in the *Organ*, and we trust many a neighborhood and family will be made wiser and better by reading this able production, exposing one of the most pestiferous of sins.

Morris & Willis' Home Journal has entered upon the New Year with increased claims upon the patronage of the class for whose special gratification and enlightenment it is published, viz. the upper-ten-thousand of our cities and towns. With gentlemen of the ton in the chair editorially, and a number of correspondents abroad, nothing of interest to its patrons is permitted to pass without notice. Price, as heretofore, \$2 a year in advance.

Public Documents.

The following letter from Hon. G. W. Thompson, of the House of Representatives, to the editor of the *Wheeling Argus*, will be read with interest by many of his constituents:

House of Representatives,
Washington, Dec. 25.

Dr. JNO. DUNHAM,

Editor of the *Argus*: Sir—Numerous applications, in advance, have been made to me from various portions of the District for the Census Reports, when the same shall have been completed and published, which will not be for some time to come. It is impossible to say how many copies will be published by Congress, and to what extent I will be able to supply the various applications. I deem it therefore proper to say that if Congress, by special enactment, does not provide for supplying each county with a copy at some office where it will be deemed public property, I will send a copy to each clerk of the County Court of the respective counties of the district, to be deposited in his office as public property; I will then supply each editor of a newspaper, as they have the means of further dissemination, and as they, of whatever party, should have ready access to these important returns for the discussion of all questions of political economy connected with the statistics of the country, and for the elucidation of their views. I will then supply my fellow citizens as far as the pile goes. I will thank you and the other papers of the district to make these views known to the people.

Your obt. servant,
GEO. W. THOMPSON.

No documents of this Congress have yet been published under order of the House.

THE NEW-YORK ORGAN not only advocates the cause of Temperance with great energy and ability, but also maintains a high tone of moral sentiment in reprobation of the vices and follies of the age. The following extract from that paper is worthy of special notice:

The Lottery Principle.

It has long since been settled by moralists and legislators, at least in this part of the country, that lotteries are immoral and mischievous. The law in this and some other States prohibits them, and it is only in an underhand and secret way that ventures of this kind are made. And yet, strange to say, the principle violation of the anti-lottery doctrine are practiced in connection with our churches and benevolent institutions, at their fairs, &c. where raffling and drawing for prizes are openly encouraged. Hundreds, if not thousands, of these petty lotteries come off every year; and because they proceed to some good object no blame attaches to any of the actors. The Art Unions, too, which of late have been so fashionable, are based upon the same principle, and yet religious and moral people are ticket holders and prize drawers, and feel no shame or remorse. We confess our inability to see how the old fashioned lottery system was worse than the modern one. We should not wonder if the practice, as pursued in church fairs and Art Unions, should inspire many young minds with a thirst for lottery gambling to their own undoing. The whole thing is bad and dangerous.

Pittsburg Election.

Mayor Guthrie is re-elected in Pittsburg, by a majority of 45 votes over Mr. Sawyer, his whig opponent. It is said that many whigs voted for Guthrie, to defeat the election of Joe Barker. The vote was as follows: Guthrie 1,428—Sawyer 1,383—Barker 795.

H. S. Fleming, Esq. whig, is re-elected Mayor of Allegheny City, without opposition.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY imparts new vigor to vital action, and relieves the system by opening the pores of the skin, and promoting the secretion of mucus matter. Its action is sudorific, sedative, and expectorant, by opening the pores, allaying irritation and by rendering the expulsion of mucus matter easy.

Those who take the Balm will feel immediate relief from the distressing irritations that accompany affections of the respiratory organs. The pores have been closed, the Balm opens them. The Lung suffer from irritation, the irritation is soothed; the pulse is violent and feverish, they are softened, and the mucous membrane is relieved of its engorgement with rapidity and ease—all by the use of this delightful remedy.

See advertisement in another column.

Another Scientific Wonder! Important to Dyspeptics! Dr. J. S. Houshonor's PEPIN, the true Bile-Fixer, or Gastric Juice, prepared from RENNET, or the Fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron LIEBIG, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houshonor, M.D., Philadelphia. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation and Debility, curing after Nature's own method, by Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. Pamphlets containing Scientific evidence of its value, furnished by agents gratis. See notice among the medical advertisements. oct25 if

Dr. Houshonor's German Bitters.—That this medicine will cure liver complaint and dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to colic and all bilious diseases; it acts as specifically upon the liver as calomel; calomel prostrates the system—the Bitters restores it; it gives renewed life and health to the delicate invalid, and restores the liver to its functions, and give digestion and appetite to those whose cases wherein the ordinary medicines fail in producing any effect.

Pittsburg Market.

January 12.

WHEAT FLOUR, at \$2.50 per bushel.
OATS, 26 cts. per bushel.
WHEAT 60c.
DRIED APPLES, Sale at 12 1/2 cts. per bu.
DRIED PEACHES, Sale at 25 cts. bush.

Baltimore Market.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN.

Jan. 12, 1852.

CATTLE—Priced ranged from \$3.50 to \$4.25 on the hoof, equal to \$6.85 to \$8.25 net, averaging \$3.65 gross.

HOGS—Really sale at \$6.50.

Flour—per barrel \$4.00.

Virginia, ss.

AT Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Monongalia county, on the first Monday in January, 1852:

Jeremiah Moore, Plaintiff,

vs.

Philip Moore, Isaac Moore, John Moore and William Sims, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to cancel and set aside a certain deed of conveyance executed by Philip Moore and wife to William Sims, for that portion of the said Philip's home place, heretofore stricken off by survey, to the said Jeremiah Moore, as per article of agreement of the first day of April, 1841, which deed bears date the 11th day of October, 1845, and of record in the Clerk's Office of Monongalia county; and to restore the said land to the complainant Jeremiah Moore, at the death of the said Philip, &c.

And the defendant Isaac Moore, not having entered his appearance and given security according to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing by a written affidavit filed in the cause, that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth: It is ordered that the said defendant do appear within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests; and that this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the "Monongalia Mirror," a newspaper printed and published in Morgantown in the county of Monongalia, and a copy posted at the front door of the Court-house of said county on the first day of the next Court of said county.

A copy—Teste,
W. T. WILLEY, Clerk.

Brown & Koch, Plffs. Att'ys.

January 17, 1852. 127 1w

Virginia, ss.

At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Monongalia county on the first Monday in January, 1852.

Matthew Gay, Plaintiff,

vs.

Selly Wade, and others, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to recover the balance of the price of a tract of land sold to Selly Wade, deceased, by Joshua Piles—It is ordered that the said defendant do appear within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests, and that this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the "Monongalia Mirror," a newspaper printed and published in Morgantown in the county of Monongalia, and a copy posted at the front door of the Court-house of said county on the first day of the next Court of said county.

A copy—Teste,
W. T. WILLEY, Clerk.

M. GAY, Plffs. Att'ys.

January 17, 1851. 127-1w

Farm at Public Sale.

THE Subscrier will sell at Public Vendue, on THURSDAY the 19th of FEBRUARY next, on the premises:

A Valuable FARM,

Situate in Monongalia county, Va. on Dunkard creek, near New Brownville, late the property of Emanuel Brown, deceased, and sold in pursuance of his will. It contains about 100 acres, mostly cleared and in good condition. The improvements are a two-story dwelling-house, a new frame barn, newly finished, with out buildings, and two apple orchards, one of them young and in its prime. The Farm is convenient to places of worship, mills, &c.

Persons wishing a larger Farm than the above may probably be accommodated with 100 acres adjoining the same, and originally belonging to the tract.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock on said day; attendance and conditions by

JOHN BROWN, Esq'r.

January 13, 1852. 1271a

Public Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a decree rendered in the Circuit Court of Monongalia county, at the September Term of said Court, 1851, in a cause wherein Francis Maclure is Plaintiff, and John F. Cooper and others Defendants. I shall, on the

31st day of January, 1852,

on the public ground before the Court-house in Morgantown, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money, the following property, to wit:

1 All the personal property which can now be had, conveyed to me in trust, by Isaac Cooper and wife, and John F. Cooper and wife, by Deed dated 11th day of September, 1844, of record in the Clerk's Office of Monongalia county.

2 THE HOUSE and LOT in Morgantown south of the Court-house whereon Isaac Cooper now lives: Also, a Tract of Land lying on the waters of White-day creek, containing about 500 acres more or less, as the case may be, commonly called the Bargold tract: Also, all a certain tract of land lying on each side of the Brandywine and Fishing creek Turnpike road east of and near to Morgantown, wherein the coal-banks are, containing 32 acres, more or less, as the case may be,—being the same house and lot and tract of land conveyed to me by the trust Deed aforesaid, reference whereunto, as well as to the papers of the aforesaid cause, is hereby made for a more particular description.

The title to the foregoing property is believed to be good; but I will sell only such as may be vended by authority of the foregoing decree and trust deed.

W. T. WILLEY, Commissioner.

December 23, 1851.

Clinton Furnace FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the Circuit Court of Monongalia county, rendered on the 15th day of September, in the year 1851, in a case wherein John Frederick was Plaintiff, and William Salys and others were defendants; I, Edgar C. Wilson, as Commissioner will proceed to sell at the Court-house in Morgantown, on Monday the 26th day of January, 1852, being a court day—a tract of Land with its appurtenances, situate on Booth's Creek, in said county, containing 28 acres, being the same tract sold by said Frederick, to said Salys and on which is erected Clinton Furnace and other buildings. Said tract to be upon a credit of one and two years, the purchaser giving Bond and security for the purchase money.

EDGAR C. WILSON, Commissioner.

November 23, 1851. 122-1a

JOHN S. CARLIE,

Attorney at Law,
Clarksburg, Harrison County, Va.
OFFICE, the one heretofore occupied by Col. G. D. Camden. January 8, 1851.

MITCHELL & HAYES,

Merchant Tailors,

Walmart street, opposite the Jail, Morgantown.

HAYES entered into Partnership, and just brought on from the Eastern Cities, an extensive assortment of French black, blue, brown, green and olive

Cloths, Cassimeres of all styles and qualities; Vestings of all colors, styles and qualities; Trimmings of the best quality, to suit all colors.

Gloves, black kid, best quality, also French buck, &c.

Collars, three-ply; Silk and Linen Cravats, black and fancy colors; Stocks; Pocket-handkerchiefs of a fine quality of PLaid and CLOTH CASS, Navy do, also a large stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

such as: Coats, Pants, and Vests, of all qualities and prices; Silk Shirts, Suspender, and many other articles not mentioned,—all which will be sold VERY CHEAP FOR CASH; Please call and examine our stock.

Dec. 13, 1851. 122-1f

N. B.—Those indebted to P. R. Mitchell or M. Hayes, on former accounts, are earnestly requested to settle up, either by money or note, without delay.

A. HAYMOND. J. G. PICKENPAUGH.

GRAND EXHIBITION IN MORGANTOWN!

At the Philadelphia and Paris Store!!

The undersigned have just received their large and most beautiful stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and being bought for the ready Cash, (as they always have that) as well as some of their neighbors, they flatter themselves that they can and will sell them as cheap or cheaper than any ever heard of in this country. All persons desirous of seeing the cheapest and largest assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Carpenters' Tools, and every other article that can be thought of or mentioned in the way of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, are respectfully requested to call at HAYMOND & PICKENPAUGH'S STORE, and they will be shown everything. Whether you want to buy or not it is worth your while calling to see their stock, as you have never yet seen anything to come up to it in this country.— Their stock of

Ladies Dress Goods and Trimmings,

Also Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, and the largest stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

in the place, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c., cannot be surpassed in any Town West of the Blue Ridge.

After being thankful to our friends for their former patronage, we still invite their attention to our late purchases.—Don't forget to bring your neighbors.—Come One—Come All. The "pressure in the New York Money Market" is abating: HAYMOND & PICKENPAUGH, Morgantown, Oct. 25, 1851. 115-1f

A Great Variety!

JAMES SHAY, Main street, two doors from the Bank, has just received, and has more on the way, which he expects to receive every day.

Confectionary of every kind, from a Candy stick to a brown stick, with a good brown the end of it.

TOYS for New-Years and other holidays, some of which will last the year through if you don't break them. The toys are rich, and they range from a clever sized Monkey to a ring for your little finger.

Groceries, Spices, Fruits, Glass-ware, Combs, Soaps, and other Hardware, to suit all taste and fancies.

Men's and Boys' Caps, Boots & Shoes, suited to the season and warranted to fit all whose heads and feet are the right shape and size—besides every thing else usually kept in a Variety Store. Call and buy! January 1, 1852.

CARR, SMITH & CO.,

At the New-York Cheap Variety Store, Keep constantly on hand and for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at low cash prices:

DRY GOODS,

Ready-made Clothing, Queensware, Hardware, Stone & Glass Ware, Groceries, Oils, Lead,

SALT, IRON, NAILS, GLASS, Castings, &c. FLOUR in barrels and bags; Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, and a thousand and one notions in their line; to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange at the highest market price. January 3, 1852.

E. S. JONES & CO.,

CORNER OF FOURTH and RACE STREETS, Publishers of the Model Architect, by SAMUEL SLOAN, Architect, to be completed in 24 monthly parts.

The above work is designed to meet the wishes not only of those directly interested in buildings, but of all who desire the advancement of this noble art in the country, and wish to cultivate their tastes and acquaintance with architecture. The handsome manner in which it is prepared and embellished, renders it a tasteful ornament for the drawing-room, while its accurate delineations give it the highest practical value.

No. 1 & 2 & 3 are now ready for delivery. Price—50 cents per number. Address as above, post paid. No. 20, 1851. 123-1f

Notice.

WE, the undersigned, hereby give Notice that all those who are indebted to, or have unsettled dealings or accounts with the late Firm of JOHN BECK & COMPANY, that we have this day placed our Books of Accounts, &c. in the hands of P. H. KEEK, to whom immediate settlement is expected to be made, and whom we hereby authorize to settle, and inasmuch as, as fully and effectually as we ourselves could do. Therefore all such persons will do well to call immediately and settle the same with the said KEEK, as there can no longer indulgence be given. JOHN BECK, JOHN B. ACHESON. December 24, 1851. 124-3w

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having unsettled accounts with the late Firm of JOHN BECK & COMPANY, are hereby earnestly requested to call and settle them without delay, as he has retired from business. January 3, 1852. J. W. THOMPSON.

THE POTTERY will be carried on heretofore at the old establishment by D. G. & J. J. THOMPSON, who will be thankful to fill all orders in their line with promptitude, and to the satisfaction of all customers. They have now on hand a large assortment of excellent Wares. Jan. 3, 1852. D. G. & J. J. THOMPSON.

John W. Ross & Co.,

Flour & General Commission Merchants, HOLLINGSWORTH STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

WILL make liberal advances on consignments. Refer to D. R. HOXIE, Dec. 25, 1851. 4w Morgantown.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE BEST REMEDY EVER KNOWN TO MAN

For Coughs, Asthma, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Bleeding of the Lungs, Difficulty of Breathing, Liver Complaint, pain or weakness of the Breast or Side, first stages of Consumption &c.

In short, this Balsam is peculiarly adapted to every disease of the Lungs and Liver which is produced in our ever-changing climate.

WILD CHERRY HAS LONG BEEN known to possess important medicinal properties. This is familiar to every naturalist in our land, and physicians often prescribe it in different forms for a variety of complaints. Tar, also, has been equally noted for its virtues, and some physicians, whose names are familiar to the whole country, have gone so far as to declare that even CONSUMPTION could be cured by that article. In other hands, again, it was nearly valueless, owing, no doubt, to their ignorance in preparing and administering it—a difficulty now entirely and forever obviated by patient experiment and long experience.

The extraordinary medicinal powers of these two substances are now, for the first time, combined and embodied in DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, a new and entirely new chemical process, every thing deleterious or useless is rejected, so that what remains is the most extraordinary and truly efficacious remedy for all kinds of pulmonary and liver diseases ever known to man. To convince all unbelievers that our theory is really true, we have a few cases of cures performed by this wonderful medicine.

PLEASANT RIDGE, Tenn. Co. Sept. 27, '50.

J. D. Park—Dear Sir—I take the liberty of advising you of the benefit I have derived from the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I was prostrated by that terrible scourge, Consumption, in May last. In the attack was truly terrifying to me, for five of our family (my brothers and sisters) had died of Consumption. I was afflicted with nearly all the worst features of the disease. I had a distressing cough, and expectorated a great deal of blood, hectic fever, severe pains in the side and chest, cold chills, alternating with flushes of heat and copious night sweats.

I was under the care of a skillful physician, from the time I was taken sick until about six weeks since, being then about helpless, and my friends considered my case hopeless, or at least beyond their Physical skill, and advised me to use Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. With my knowledge my father procured it, and commenced administering it to me, and from the day I commenced taking it my health improved, and in two weeks from the time I commenced using it I was able to be out and oversee my business, and labor. I still continue to use it. I have taken four bottles of the medicine,